2006

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COMMONWEALTH OF THE BAHAMASUPREME COURT

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Commercial Division

JUL 0 2 2012

NASSAU, BAHAMAS

IN THE MATTER OF Dominion Investments (Nassau) Ltd. (In Liquidation)

AND IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act, 1992

AFFIDAVIT OF GEORGE CLIFFORD CULMER

- I, GEORGE CLIFFORD CULMER of the Eastern District of the island of New Providence, one of the Islands of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas, Chartered Accountant, make oath and say as follows:-
 - 1. I am the Liquidator of Dominion Investments (Nassau) Ltd. (In Liquidation), a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1992 ("Dominion"), and I am duly authorized to make this Affidavit.
 - 2. This Affidavit is made for the purpose of exhibiting my Tenth Report in the liquidation of Dominion, and the facts set out therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

3. Now produced and shown to me marked **Exhibit "GCC.1"** is a full and true copy of the Tenth Report of the Liquidator of Dominion.

SWORN to at Nassau, New)
Providence this 29 day of	
June, A.D., 2012	h. C. Cirlmen

Before me,

NOTARY PUBLIC

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CERTIFICATE

This is the Exhibit marked "GCC.1" referred to in the Affidavit of GEORGE

CLIFFORD CULMER sworn on this 29TH day of JUNE A.D., 2012.

NOTARY PUBLIC

DOMINION INVESTMENTS (NASSAU) LTD (IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION)

TENTH REPORT OF THE LIQUIDATOR

TO THE SUPREME COURT

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Dominion Investments (Nassau) LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation) c/o BDO Chartered Accountants & Advisors P O Box N-10144 Nassau, Bahamas Telephone 242-325-6591 Fax 242-325-6592 info@bdobahamas.com

BY HAND

Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of the Bahamas Nassau, Bahamas

<u>Dominion Investments (Nassau) LTD (In Voluntary Liquidation) ("Dominion")</u>

Tenth Report of the Liquidator to the Supreme Court

1. INTRODUCTION, BACKGROUND & TIMELINE OF EVENTS

- Dominion was incorporated on the 23rd day of July, 1999, and has nominal capital of five hundred thousand dollars (B\$500,000), divided into five hundred thousand ordinary shares with a par value of one dollar (B\$ 1.00) per share.
- 1.2 On the 11th day of December, 2001, Dominion was licensed as a Broker Dealer Class II by the Securities Commission of The Bahamas and hence authorized to carry on securities activities in and from the Bahamas.
- 1.3 On the 13th December, 2002, Dominion entered into an agreement with Ferrier Lullin, now Julius Baer, to act as an independent portfolio manager and to be paid commissions on funds managed by the company at the bank.
- 1.4 On the 15th February, 2005 Dominion's unconditional Financial Service Providers License was renewed to 31 December 2005, granting it the authority to conduct or carry on financial services in or from the Bahamas and, inter alia, to register or manage and administer international business companies (IBC's) incorporated under the International Business Companies Act, 2000.
- 1.5 On the 20th January 2006 the President and Director of Dominion, Martin Tremblay, was indicted on charges of money laundering contrary to the United States Penal Code and subsequently incarcerated in The United States. It was alleged that the accounts of Dominion and other accounts were used by Mr. Tremblay in carrying out the offences. The staff of Dominion abandoned their posts and apparently various files and records

- were removed by customers, before all the remaining files; records and computer equipment were seized by The Royal Bahamas Police Force.
- 1.6 On the 31st January, 2006 and on the 2nd of May, 2006 at the request of the United States Department of Justice, the Attorney-General of the Bahamas applied to the Supreme Court, and was granted a Restraint Order freezing accounts of Dominion and any accounts over which Mr. Tremblay had control. Moreover, around the same time in Canada the Ontario Securities Commission and the Autorite des Marche Financiers, Quebec sought and obtained Freeze Orders over various bank and brokerage accounts held by Dominion.
- 1.7 In November 2006, Martin Tremblay entered into a plea bargain agreement whereby he plead guilty to one count on the indictment and the other counts were not to be pursued by the US Prosecutor. On the 14th of March 2007, Mr. Tremblay was sentenced to four years in prison and ordered to pay a forfeiture money judgment in the amount of \$220,000.

2. STEPS TAKEN IN THE LIQUIDATION PROCESS

- 2.1 On the 2nd February 2006 by resolution of the members, the Company was put into voluntary liquidation and George Clifford Culmer was appointed Liquidator of the company.
- 2.2 By Court Order made 10 March 2006, the Royal Bahamas Police Force was compelled to deliver up to the Liquidator the books, records and computer equipment of the company. Upon receipt thereof, it was noted they were in a considerable state of disarray.
- 2.3 On the 4th April 2006 the Liquidator's Petition, which had been lodged on the 28th February 2006, was granted. It was deemed appropriate that the liquidation should continue but be under the supervision of the Court.

3. <u>RESTRAINT & PRODUCTION ORDERS, FREEZE ORDERS</u> ANDFORFEITURE ORDER

3.1 In Canada the Regulatory Authorities froze all the accounts held by Dominion in Ontario and Quebec. While those in Ontario were subsequently released, the Autorite des Marche Financiers (AMF) secured the renewal of the e Freeze Orders over the assets held in Quebec. The Liquidator instituted proceedings to secure his recognition as Liquidator in Canada and the authorization of the Canadian Courts to pursue proceedings to secure the discharge of the Freeze orders. Following his recognition by the e Superior Court of Quebec on the 2nd November 2006 the Liquidator applied for the discharge of the Freeze Order and pursued these proceedings before the Bureau de Decision et de Revision en Valeurs Mobilieres (BDRVM) and before the Court of Appeal.

- 3.2 In the Bahamas the Liquidator filed applications seeking the discharge and or variation of the Restraint & Production Orders granted by the Bahamian Court. These were set to be heard on the 23rd November 2006. However, as a consequence of the plea bargain agreement (see paragraph 1.7 above), the Liquidator's application for the discharge of the Bahamian Restraint & Production Order was adjourned to a date to be fixed, so that the parties could assess the ramifications. In the interim, the Restraint Order was varied so that the costs of the liquidation could be paid from the restrained funds.
- 3.3 On the 10th April 2008, the Liquidator, through his Canadian Attorney successfully appealed the decision of the BDRVM to maintain the Freeze Order and secured the discharge of the Freeze Order over the assets held in Canada ("the Canadian assets") which had been in place since February 2006.
- 3.4 On the 11th August 2008 the United States' Court issued an Order of Forfeiture of Specific Assets. This order provided that all of Martin Tremblay's right, title and interest in the accounts of Dominion which had been frozen in the Bahamas up to the amount of \$220,000 be forfeited and vest in the United States Government.
- 3.5 On the 22nd August 2008, the United States government received an affidavit by Martin Tremblay in support of his challenge to the specific assets order, on the grounds that the assets belonged to the customers of Dominion and not to him. This objection was dismissed by the Court on the basis that a defendant had "no standing to object to the forfeiture on the grounds that the property is owned by a third party" but that third parties who claimed an interest in specific assets could petition the United States government to have their rights to the subject property determined. The Memorandum Opinion & Order dated 10 October 2008 issued by Justice John Keenan, United States District Judge was faxed to the Liquidator on the 27th of October 2008.
- 3.6 On the 9th of January 2009, the Liquidator received a copy of the Order of Forfeiture of Specific Assets under cover of a letter from Mr. Jeff Alberts, the Assistant United States Attorney, Southern District of New York. The Liquidator's Bahamian Counsel advised the Liquidator that, in light of the fact that his applications to discharge the Restraint Orders affecting the assets held by Dominion in the Bahamas were part heard and pending determination by the Bahamian Court, that there was no need for him to take any steps in the US proceedings. The amount of the assets belonging to Martin Tremblay to be confiscated as proceeds of crime was set at \$220,000.
- 3.7 On the 6th February 2009, the Liquidator through his Bahamian Attorneys, made a proposal to the US Government (through the Attorney General of The Bahamas) to secure the discharge of the Bahamian Restraint Orders

by consent, so that the Bahamian assets could be released. Failing an agreement on the proposal, the Liquidator intended to resume his application to discharge the Restraint & Production Orders in their entirety.

- 3.8 Due to lack of progress in negotiations with the Attorney-General of the Bahamas to secure the lifting of the Restraint Orders by consent, the Liquidator's outstanding application to discharge and or vary the same was set for hearing before the Supreme Court of the Bahamas on the 14th August 2009. A further application was also made by the Liquidator and set for hearing on the 14th August 2009 seeking an Order setting aside the entire proceedings in which the ex parte Restraint Orders against the assets held by Dominion were obtained.
- 3.9 Prior to the 14th August, 2009 hearing and following further negotiations, the Liquidator succeeded in securing the Attorney-General's consent to the Liquidator's proposal that the Restraint and Production Orders be discharged and that in lieu thereof there simply be a restraint order up to the amount of \$220,000 against the assets held by the Liquidator for Martin Tremblay and against such residual assets of Dominion to which Martin Tremblay may be entitled, as a a contributory, at the conclusion of the liquidation. A Consent Order in this regard was granted by the Court on the 14th August 2009.
- 3.10 The discharge of the Restraint& Production Orders and the imposition in its stead of the Consent Order prescribing that the residual estate of Dominion would be applied so far as necessary to the satisfaction of the Forfeiture Order meant that there was no longer any restriction on the ability of the Liquidator to release the trust assets held in the Bahamas to the beneficial owners thereof, nor any question of a possible need for any disclosure of the customer's financial information or records and no question of there being any settlement from the customers' assets of the \$220,000 Forfeiture Order made against Martin Tremblay.
- 3.11 However, on the 1st June 2010, Martin Tremblay filed an application seeking an Order that the Consent Order described in 3.9 above be dismissed on the grounds that he was not informed of the proceedings, and that Dominion should pay his costs of such application. As there was a possibility that the discharge of the Consent Order could negatively impact the trust assets in the Bahamas, the Liquidator instructed Counsel to oppose the application. Martin Tremblay's application was set down for hearing on the 1st of March 2011.
- 3.12 On the 16th June 2010 the Attorney-General commenced proceedings for the registration in the Bahamas of the US Forfeiture Order that had been made against Martin Tremblay, and for an Order enabling the same to be enforced against the accounts of Dominion. Having regard to the possible impact of such an application, the Liquidator instructed Counsel to take all

measures to oppose the proceedings. On 23rd July 2010 an application was made by the Liquidator for an Order dismissing the proceedings by the Attorney General for the registration of the Forfeiture Order. At a hearing of those applications on the 27th July 2010 the Attorney General applied for and was granted leave to wholly withdraw and discontinue the proceedings that had been commenced for the registration of the Forfeiture Order.

3.13 On the 1st March 2011 Martin Tremblay's application to dismiss the Consent Order was heard. The Court discharged the 14th August 2009 Consent Order insofar as it prohibited the release by the Liquidator of the assets held for Martin Tremblay or the distribution of any residual assets that, as a contributory, the Court may determine Martin Tremblay to be entitled to. In the meantime the withdrawal on the 27th July 2010 by the Attorney-General of the application to register the Forfeiture Order (See 3.12 above) had alleviated the Liquidator's concerns in relation to the discharge of the Consent Order. Martin Tremblay withdrew his application for costs against Dominion. A copy of the Order is attached hereto as Exhibit 4.

4. TRUST ASSETS & LIQUIDATION COSTS

- 4.1 On the 28th July 2008 the Bahamian Court ordered that the Liquidator was justified and at liberty to treat those assets which he had determined were not beneficially owned by Dominion as trust assets. The Court further ordered that the Liquidator was to deduct from each of the trust assets the taxed costs of the liquidation on a pro rata basis in the proportion which each of the assets bore to aggregate and that the separate costs pertaining solely to the assets held in Canada ("the Canadian assets") and solely to the assets held in the Bahamas ("the Bahamian assets") be similarly borne by those assets respectively.
- 4.2 As a consequence of the Order made on the 28th July 2008 the assets held in trust by Dominion have each borne their proportionate share of the costs incurred by the Liquidator in relation to matters addressed for their benefit. For example the Canadian trust assets all shared proportionately the costs incurred in relation to securing the release of the Canadian freeze orders. Accordingly this meant that the Estate of Dominion did not have to bear costs which were incurred for the benefit of the trust assets.
- 4.3 Although the July 28, 2008 Order prescribed that the proportionate costs due in respect of each of the trust assets were to be debited therefrom, in response to a request from a customer, the Liquidator agreed to accept direct payment instead of liquidating the subject trust assets for this purpose. The direct payment arranged in December 2010 was received in January 2011 in the amount of \$471,282 and the trust asset was released.

4.4 The Liquidator has had to pursue a claim and to intervene in proceedings in Canada to recover outstanding liquidation costs due, amounting to approximately \$357,737, to the estate of Dominion from a trust asset over which the Canadian Revenue Authorities (CRA) obtained a provisional garnishee order to secure alleged tax liabilities of that customer, now deceased. Negotiations are continuing with the authorities there to secure payment of the costs due in accordance with the 28th July 2008 Order.

5. CLAIMS & RELEASE OF TRUST ASSETS

- As stated in paragraph 3.3 above, on the 10th of April 2008 the Liquidator secured the discharge of the Restraint & Production of Information Orders over the assets held by Dominion in Canada without any disclosure of the identity of those beneficial owners or the source of their funds. During the months of September and October 2008 the Liquidator and his Bahamian Counsel completed the requisite verification of the claims that had been received in respect of the majority of these Canadian assets. An application was then made to the Bahamian Court to obtain the Court's determination as to the findings of the Liquidator in relation to the beneficial ownership of those assets and its order approving their release. Such order was granted on the 10th of November, 2008.
- 5.2 Thereafter, the majority of the Canadian assets were released to their beneficial owners less the costs which, pursuant to the July 2008 Court Order were required to be paid there-from. The asset against which the CRA obtained a provisional garnishee order have been un-able to be released, and the costs due to be paid there-from remain outstanding.
- 5.3 As stated in paragraph 3.9, a Consent Order was obtained on the 14th August 2009 discharging the Restraint & Production Orders over the assets held in the Bahamas without any disclosure of the identity of those beneficial owners or the source of their funds. The Liquidator has attended to the formal verification of the ownership of the assets held in the Bahamas. To this end, affidavits were prepared by the Liquidator's Attorneys and provided to the beneficial owners for the purpose of assisting them in setting out their respective claims and exhibiting the requisite evidence in verification thereof.
- 5.4 By the end of December 2010 the Liquidator's verification of the ownership of the trust assets located in the Bahamas was complete. Commencing in January 2011 the Liquidator proceeded to release the first tranche of trust assets.
- 5.5 The Liquidator reiterates his invitation to those customers who have not made a claim and believe that there are assets held for them, to contact him promptly and to indicate whether or not they wish to pursue a claim.

6. <u>FINANCIAL POSITION</u>

- 6.1 A Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Statement of the Liquidator's Receipts & Payments for the period commencing the 1st January 2011 through 31st May 2011 is attached hereto, and comprises EXHIBITS 1, 2, and 3 respectively.
- 6.2 As detailed in paragraph 4.4, the Liquidator and his attorneys continue in their discussions with the Minister of National Revenue in Quebec to secure payment of the liquidation costs due in accordance with the 28th July 2008 Order.

7. OUTSTANDING MATTERS

7.1 The remaining matters to be addressed by the Liquidator include the collection of the Accounts Receivable customer accounts as at Liquidation date; the recovery of the outstanding liquidation costs due under the 28 July 2008 Order from the Canadian trust asset that is subject to the Canadian Tax Authorities' provisional garnishee order; and the resolution of outstanding claims to trust assets.

8. CONCLUSION

The Liquidator will continue to take the requisite steps to obtain the outstanding accounts receivable balances, the costs due under the 28th July 2008 Remuneration Order, to resolve the issues with regard to the remaining trust assets, to address the claims made by Dominion's trade creditors, and to bring the Liquidation of Dominion to a close as soon as possible.

The Liquidator will continue to keep all customers and creditors apprised of the progress of the liquidation and all requisite steps will continue to be taken to ensure the confidentiality of all client information under the Liquidator's control.

Respectfully submitted as at the 31st day of May, 2011

G C Culmer Liquidator

G. C. Culme

DOMINION INVESTMENTS (NASSAU) LTD.

(IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION)

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MAY 2011

(Expressed in US Dollars)

EXHIBIT 1 (UN-AUDITED)

ASSETS	31-May-11	
Due from banks and brokers:		
Total Due from banks – Demand	925,694	
Costs Recoverable from Clients	379,295	
Equity Securities (Off Balance Sheet)	291,656	**
	\$ 1,596,645	
LIABILITIES		
Due to Trust Clients	983,480	
Equity Securities (Off Balance Sheet)	171,749	**
Legal Fees Payable	159,583	
Trade Creditors	109,331	
Accounts Payable	31,710	
	1,455,853	
EQUITY	500,000	
Share capital		
Retained earnings	(547,810)	
Net Income for the Period	188,602	_
	140,792	
	\$ 1,596,645	-

^{**} Off Balance Sheet costs recoverable are secured by the assets held in trust

EXHIBIT 2 (UN-AUDITED)

DOMINION INVESTMENTS (NASSAU) LTD. (IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION) INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD 01 JANUARY 2011 TO 31 MAY 2011

(Expressed in US Dollars)

INCOME	5 Months Ending 31-May-11	
Interest Income (USD)	715	
Interest Income (EUR)	11	
Unrealized Gain on Foreign Currency	17,233	
Reversal of provision for doubtful accounts	197,106	
	215,065	
EXPENSES		
Storage	2,225	
Management Fees	2,923	
Realized loss on foreign currency	2,136	
Bank Charges	1,163	
Liquidation Expense	18,016	
	26,463	
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	\$ 188,602	

EXHIBIT 3

DOMINION INVESTMENTS (NASSAU) LTD.

(UN-AUDITED)

(IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION)

RECEIPTS & PAYMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 01 JANUARY 2011 TO 31 MAY 2011 (Expressed in US Dollars)

RECEIPTS	5 Months Ending 31-MAY-11
Interest Income (USD) Interest Income (EUR)	715 11 726
PAYMENTS	2,225
Storage Management Fees	2,923
Realized foreign currency loss Bank Charges	2,136 1,163
Liquidation Expenses	241,922 250,369
NET DISBURSEMENTS	\$ (249,643)

COMMONWEALTH OF THE BAHAMAS

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Commercial Division

IN THE MATTER OF Dominion Investments
(Nassau) Ltd.
(In Liquidation)

AND IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act, 1992

AFFIDAVIT

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